



2013-2014 SECOND QUARTER REPORT

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Minister of Finance

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2013-2014 Second Quarter Report

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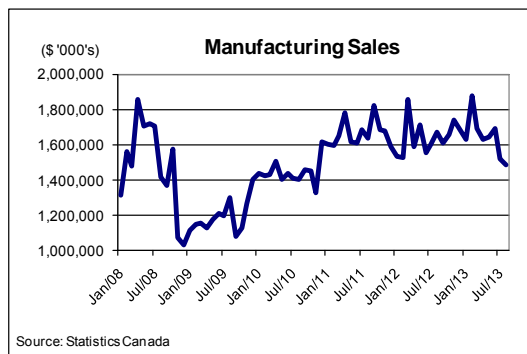
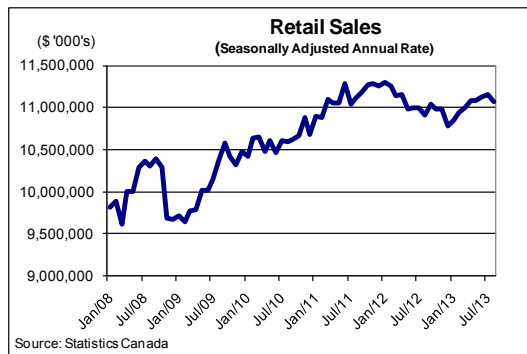
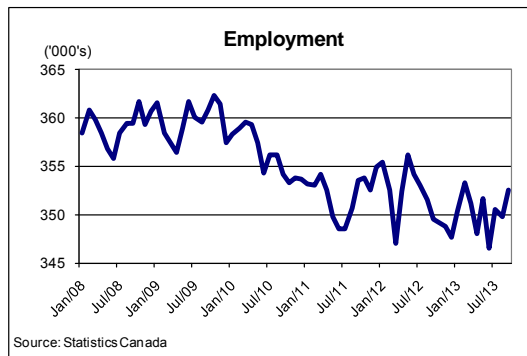
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Think Recycling!

2013 Economic Update



New Brunswick Economic Indicators			
	2011	2012	2013F
Real GDP	0.0	-0.6	0.1
Wages and Salaries	3.9	1.6	1.2
Employment	-1.2	-0.2	-0.4
Unemployment Rate (%)	9.5	10.2	10.7
Consumer Price Index	3.5	1.7	0.8

Source: Statistics Canada
% change unless otherwise indicated

- The International Monetary Fund (IMF) reports that global growth remains in low gear, averaging only 2.5 per cent during the first half of 2013, which is about the same pace as in the second half of 2012.

- Unlike recent performances, the IMF notes that advanced economies have recently gained some speed, while the emerging market economies, however, continue to account for the bulk of global growth.

- Real GDP in the U.S. increased by an annual rate of 2.5 per cent in the second quarter, following a 1.1 per cent growth rate in the first quarter. The second quarter performance primarily reflected upturns in exports and in non-residential fixed investment.

- The Bank of Canada is now projecting real GDP growth of 1.6 per cent in 2013, down from its July forecast, as uncertain global and domestic economic conditions delay a pickup in exports and investment.

- Many private sector forecasters have lowered their growth expectations for New Brunswick from earlier in the year, with a consensus real GDP growth rate for 2013 now at 0.7 per cent.

- Wages and salaries grew by 1.4 per cent and trailed the national growth rate of 3.9 per cent.

- Consumer spending is beginning to show signs of recovery with retail trade showing improvement in seven of the last eight months. Despite recent gains, however, retail sales remain on pace to show a decline for the second consecutive year.

2013 Economic Update

- Healthy gains in wood product manufacturing (+11.5%) have helped offset weakness elsewhere in the manufacturing sector which is currently on pace to match the level of sales seen in 2012.
- Housing starts in the province's urban centres are down 19.2 per cent over year-earlier levels with declines in both single family and multi-unit construction.
- Consumer inflation in the province has averaged 0.6 per cent, slightly lower than the national growth rate of 0.9 per cent.

2013-2014 Fiscal Update

Based on second quarter information, a revised deficit of \$538.2 million is projected for 2013-2014. This is an increase of \$59.5 million compared to the budget deficit of \$478.7 million.

Relative to first quarter, total expense has improved by \$93.2 million, however revenue projections have deteriorated by \$131.5 million. This has resulted in an increased deficit of \$38.3 million from first quarter.

Net debt is projected to increase \$587.2 million year-over-year, a decrease of \$7.2 million from the budget estimate of \$594.4 million.

Revenues are projected to be \$172.9 million lower than budget mainly due to weaker-than-anticipated results for NB Power and reduced tax revenue. The major variances include:

- Return on Investment is down \$66.3 million mainly due to lower net income for NB Power. This is due to increased costs for fuel and purchased power and pensions.
- Personal Income Tax is lower by \$43.0 million due to weakened income.
- Harmonized Sales Tax is projected to decrease \$28.3 million from budget because of an anticipated weakening of New Brunswick's share allocation of federal HST payments.
- Special Operating Agency Account Revenue (net) is down \$16.0 million mainly due to lower offsetting expenses related to federal agreements.
- Sale of Goods and Services is down \$13.0 million from budget which is mainly offset by an increase of \$12.7 million in Miscellaneous Revenue. This is mainly due to a realignment of revenue for the Regional Health Authorities.
- Provincial Real Property Tax is anticipated to be lower by \$11.5 million due to assessments.
- Corporate Income Tax is lower by \$7.8 million due to an anticipated, negative prior-year adjustment.
- Royalties are down by \$6.0 million due to lower price and volume for potash.
- Canada Health Transfer is projected to increase \$13.3 million related to new population data.

2013-2014 Fiscal Update

Total expenses are projected to be \$113.4 million lower than budget. The major variances include the following:

- **General Government (\$69.5 million under):** Mainly due to various miscellaneous under-expenditures, including lower than budgeted provision for losses, centrally managed funds and consolidated entity expenses.
- **Health (\$26.6 million under):** Mainly due to a number of savings and cost containment initiatives in the health care system, including lower than budgeted costs in the prescription drug program, lower than expected costs for blood products, and IT-related expenditure reductions.
- **Justice and Attorney General (\$2.0 million under):** Mainly due to the transfer of certain functions to the new Financial and Consumer Services Commission.
- **Post-Secondary Education, Training and Labour (\$8.2 million under):** Primarily due to projected under-expenditures in the Student Financial Assistance program due to lower interest rates and provision for loss savings, as well as the Labour Market Development program due to lower than expected uptake for employment programs.
- **Transportation and Infrastructure (\$4.1 million over):** Various cost pressures and over-expenditures, including higher than budgeted expenses for Ferry Operations.
- **Other accounts (\$11.2 million under):** Mainly due to lower than budgeted expenses in the Regional Development Corporation Special Operating Agency due to project timing changes from budget. This was partially offset by a change in the type of capital work in the Department of Transportation and Infrastructure that resulted in a decrease in capital to be amortized and an increase in capital to be expensed.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

Thousands

\$

	Year Ending March 31			Variance from Estimate
	2014 Estimate	2014 1 st Quarter	2014 2 nd Quarter	
Revenue				
Ordinary Account.....	7,565,600	7,528,118	7,408,632	(156,968)
Capital Account.....	81,044	82,068	82,079	1,035
Special Purpose Account.....	61,658	61,094	60,669	(989)
Special Operating Agency Account (net).....	79,133	74,722	63,112	(16,021)
Sinking Fund Earnings.....	206,500	206,500	206,500	0
Total Revenue	7,993,935	7,952,502	7,820,992	(172,943)
Expense				
Ordinary Account.....	7,930,758	7,913,062	7,824,473	(106,285)
Capital Account.....	44,689	47,895	53,701	9,012
Special Purpose Account.....	72,462	72,522	71,818	(644)
Special Operating Agency Account (net).....	69,199	63,146	53,326	(15,873)
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets.....	355,520	355,760	355,880	360
Total Expense	8,472,628	8,452,385	8,359,198	(113,430)
Surplus (Deficit)	<u>(478,693)</u>	<u>(499,883)</u>	<u>(538,206)</u>	<u>(59,513)</u>

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ORDINARY ACCOUNT REVENUE BY SOURCE

Thousands

\$

	Year Ending March 31			Variance from Estimate
	2014 Estimate	2014 1 st Quarter	2014 2 nd Quarter	
Taxes				
Personal Income Tax.....	1,416,000	1,416,000	1,373,000	(43,000)
Corporate Income Tax.....	236,400	236,400	228,600	(7,800)
Metallic Minerals Tax.....	2,000	0	0	(2,000)
Provincial Real Property Tax.....	481,500	481,500	470,000	(11,500)
Harmonized Sales Tax.....	1,159,800	1,159,800	1,131,500	(28,300)
Gasoline and Motive Fuels Tax.....	243,000	243,000	240,000	(3,000)
Tobacco Tax.....	157,000	157,000	157,000	0
Pari-Mutuel Tax.....	600	600	600	0
Insurance Premium Tax.....	47,205	47,205	47,505	300
Real Property Transfer Tax.....	11,500	11,500	13,000	1,500
Large Corporation Capital Tax.....	0	0	0	0
Financial Corporation Capital Tax.....	28,000	30,000	30,000	2,000
Sub-total: Taxes	<u>3,783,005</u>	<u>3,783,005</u>	<u>3,691,205</u>	<u>(91,800)</u>
Return on Investment	326,840	294,483	260,508	(66,332)
Licences and Permits	138,267	137,756	136,989	(1,278)
Sale of Goods and Services	293,867	277,854	280,881	(12,986)
Lottery and Gaming Revenues	153,347	153,347	151,127	(2,220)
Royalties	110,855	110,855	104,855	(6,000)
Fines and Penalties	8,294	8,294	8,312	18
Miscellaneous	36,959	50,558	49,707	12,748
TOTAL: OWN SOURCE REVENUE	<u>4,851,434</u>	<u>4,816,152</u>	<u>4,683,584</u>	<u>(167,850)</u>
Unconditional Grants – Canada				
Fiscal Equalization Payments.....	1,562,000	1,562,000	1,562,000	0
Canada Health Transfer.....	664,000	664,000	677,300	13,300
Canada Social Transfer.....	262,300	262,300	264,300	2,000
Wait Times Reduction Transfer.....	5,368	5,368	5,368	0
Other.....	1,866	1,866	1,866	0
Sub-total: Unconditional Grants – Canada	<u>2,495,534</u>	<u>2,495,534</u>	<u>2,510,834</u>	<u>15,300</u>
Conditional Grants – Canada	218,632	216,432	214,214	(4,418)
TOTAL: GRANTS FROM CANADA	<u>2,714,166</u>	<u>2,711,966</u>	<u>2,725,048</u>	<u>10,882</u>
TOTAL: GROSS ORDINARY REVENUE	<u><u>7,565,600</u></u>	<u><u>7,528,118</u></u>	<u><u>7,408,632</u></u>	<u><u>(156,968)</u></u>

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ORDINARY ACCOUNT EXPENSE

Thousands

\$

Year Ending March 31

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	2014	2014	2014	Variance		
	Estimate	1 st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	from Estimate		
				\$	%	
Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fisheries.....	39,882	39,882	39,882	0	0.0%	
Economic Development.....	101,373	101,373	99,373	(2,000)	-2.0%	✓
Education and Early Childhood Development.....	1,074,592	1,074,592	1,074,592	0	0.0%	
Efficiency New Brunswick.....	11,649	11,649	11,649	0	0.0%	
Energy and Mines.....	8,061	8,061	7,961	(100)	-1.2%	✓
Environment and Local Government.....	139,497	139,497	138,946	(551)	-0.4%	✓
Executive Council Office.....	18,370	18,260	17,765	(605)	-3.3%	✓
Finance.....	18,949	18,949	18,699	(250)	-1.3%	✓
General Government.....	862,873	855,175	793,374	(69,499)	-8.1%	✓
Government Services.....	59,597	59,597	58,997	(600)	-1.0%	✓
Health.....	2,583,815	2,583,815	2,557,201	(26,614)	-1.0%	✓
Healthy and Inclusive Communities.....	17,301	17,251	17,001	(300)	-1.7%	✓
Human Resources.....	3,973	3,973	3,873	(100)	-2.5%	✓
Invest NB.....	14,638	14,638	14,638	0	0.0%	
Justice and Attorney General.....	62,700	59,718	60,719	(1,981)	-3.2%	✓
Legislative Assembly.....	21,659	21,659	21,659	0	0.0%	
Natural Resources.....	101,593	101,993	101,593	0	0.0%	
Office of the Premier.....	1,652	1,652	1,652	0	0.0%	
Post-Secondary Education, Training and Labour.....	604,341	594,488	596,094	(8,247)	-1.4%	✓
Public Safety.....	147,581	147,581	148,131	550	0.4%	!
Service of the Public Debt.....	664,000	664,000	664,000	0	0.0%	
Social Development.....	1,062,734	1,062,734	1,062,734	0	0.0%	
Tourism, Heritage and Culture.....	37,632	37,924	37,524	(108)	-0.3%	✓
Transportation and Infrastructure.....	272,296	274,601	276,416	4,120	1.5%	!
TOTAL.....	7,930,758	7,913,062	7,824,473	(106,285)	-1.3%	

✓ Projected under-expenditure

! Projected over-expenditure

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT
Thousands
\$

	<u>Year Ending March 31</u>			Variance from Estimate
	2014 Estimate	2014 1st Quarter	2014 2nd Quarter	
Surplus (Deficit).....	(478,693)	(499,883)	(538,206)	(59,513)
Acquisition of Tangible Capital Assets.....	(421,374)	(421,930)	(404,886)	16,488
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets.....	355,520	355,760	355,880	360
Deferred Revenue Related to Tangible Capital Assets* ..	<u>(49,894)</u>	<u>(53,110)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>49,894</u>
(Increase) Decrease in Net Debt.....	<u>(594,441)</u>	<u>(619,163)</u>	<u>(587,212)</u>	<u>7,229</u>

*Due to a change in the classification of deferred capital contributions on the statement of financial position in 2012/2013, an adjustment to net debt for the change in deferred capital contributions is no longer required.